In 2017 the world is adjusting to a new normal of climate change impacts. No region has been spared the ever more frequent and severe weather events. The most vulnerable are bearing the brunt of these impacts, with each new disaster exacerbating existing inequalities and creating new levels of poverty.

These impacts are increasingly affecting food systems and small-scale food producers, particularly women. CAN calls for a joint SBSTA/SBI work programme on Agriculture and Food Security to identify and catalyse support for adaptation actions, feed into guidance and reporting on NDCs to ensure that food security and rights are safeguarded, and explore issues around sustainable consumption as well as reduction of non-CO2 emissions.

To enhance transparency of information on support, CAN calls on SBSTA to advance discussions on climate finance accounting to more accurately report actual assistance delivered under Article 9.1 of the Paris Agreement.

These modalities should include: reporting on a project-by-project level; reporting of both the grant-equivalent for non-grant instruments and the climate-specific proportion of funds to reduce the often gross overestimation of actual support delivered; and mutual agreement between donor and recipient on inclusion of funded projects in future reports.